ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended April 30, 2015

Year Ended April 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable President and Board of Trustees Village of Stickney, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Stickney (the "Village"), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Village's Police Pension Fund, which represents 99 percent of the assets of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Police Pension Fund, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village, as of April 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Crowe Horwath UP

Oak Brook, Illinois December 23, 2015

As management of the Village of Stickney ("Village"), we offer readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2015. Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the Village's financial statements. An overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village's component unit, the Police Pension Fund, can be found in the Police Pension Fund's separately issued financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the Village of Stickney exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$12,699,081 (net position). Of this amount, \$3,175,388 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The government's total net position increased by \$148,046 during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2015 (FY15). The governmental net position increased by \$124,174 and the business-type activities net position increased by \$23,872.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Village of Stickney's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,188,478, an increase of \$244,065 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$1,832,645 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's Capital Projects Fund had a positive fund balance of \$540,096.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position presents information on all of the Village's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The Governmental Activities reflect the Village's basic services, including administration, public safety, highways and streets, and culture and recreation. Property taxes, shared state taxes, and local utility taxes finance the majority of these services. The Business-Type Activities reflect private sector-type operations where the fee for service typically covers all or most of the cost of operations, including depreciation.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Village's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains four individual major governmental funds:

- General Fund
- Debt Service Fund
- Capital Projects Fund
- Motor Fuel Tax Fund

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the funds listed above, all of which are considered to be major funds. Information from the Village's other governmental funds are combined into a single column presentation. Individual fund information for these nonmajor governmental funds is provided elsewhere in the report.

The Village maintains one type of proprietary fund (enterprise). Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer operations. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the water fund.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Village. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to that used by proprietary funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements this report also includes certain required supplementary information related to budgetary information and the Village's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other benefits to its employees. Nonmajor fund information can be found following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

The following chart reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position (in millions):

	Tota Governme <u>Activiti</u>	ntal	E	Busines Activ	ss-Type rities	Primary Government				
Assets	2015	2014	_ 20) <u>15</u>	2014	_ 2	015	2014		
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 5.5 S 16.1 21.6	5.0 16.2 21.2	\$	1.4 1.8 3.2	\$ 1.3 1.9 3.2	\$	6.9 17.9 24.8	\$ 6.3 18.1 24.4		
Liabilities Other liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	1.0 <u>9.3</u> 10.3	0.9 9.2 10.1		0.2 0.0 0.2	0.2 0.0 0.2		1.2 9.3 10.5	1.1 <u>9.2</u> 10.3		
Deferred Inflows Property taxes	1.6	1.5		0.0	0.0		1.6	1.5		
Net Position Net Investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position	7.4 0.7 <u>1.6</u> \$ 9.7	7.4 0.5 <u>1.6</u> 5 9.5	<u>\$</u>	1.8 0.0 1.2 3.0	1.9 0.0 <u>1.1</u> \$ 3.0	<u>\$</u>	8.9 0.6 3.2 12.7	9.3 0.6 2.7 \$ 12.6		

The largest portion of the Village's net position reflects the investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Village of Stickney uses the capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A much smaller portion of net position reflects the Village's resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$3.0 million) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current and prior fiscal year, the Village is able to report a positive balance in total net position.

The following chart reflects the condensed Statement of Activities (in millions):

	(mental ⁄ities	Business-Type Activities			Total <u>Government</u>			
	20	015	2014	2015		2014	2015		2014	
REVENUES										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	1.3	\$ 1.3	\$	3.2	\$ 2.9	\$	4.5	\$ 4.2	
Oper. grants/contrib.		0.2	0.2		0.0	0.0		0.2	0.2	
Cap. grants/contrib.		0.1	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.1	0.0	
General revenues										
Property taxes		3.0	3.2		0.0	0.0		3.0	3.2	
Other taxes		3.0	2.8	0.0 0.0		0.0		3.0	2.8	
Other		0.0	0.0		0.0 0.0		_	0.0	0.0	
Total revenues		7.6	7.5		3.2	2.9		10.8	10.4	
EXPENSES										
General government		1.1	1.1		0.0	0.0		1.2	1.1	
Public safety		4.6	4.5		0.0	0.0		4.5	4.5	
Public works		1.4	1.4		0.0	0.0		1.4	1.4	
Culture and recreation		0.1	0.2		0.0	0.0		0.1	0.2	
Interest long-term debt		0.3	0.4		0.0	0.0		0.3	0.4	
Water		0.0	0.0		3.2	2.9		3.2	2.9	
Total expenses		7.5	7.6		3.2	2.9		10.7	10.5	
Change in net position		0.1	(0.1)		0.0	0.0	0.1		(0.1)	
Ending net position	\$	9.7	<u>\$ 9.6</u>	<u>\$ 3.0</u> <u>\$ 3.0</u>		<u>\$ 3.0</u>	<u>\$ 12.7</u>		<u>\$ 12.6</u>	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds: The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of roughly \$3.2 million, an increase of \$244 thousand in comparison with the prior year. Approximately half of this amount, \$1.9 million, constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$1.9 million, while the total fund balance reached \$2.0 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and the total fund balance to total fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the Village's General Fund increased by \$102 thousand during the current fiscal year. Total revenues remained consistent while expenditures decreased modestly.

The following three revenues represented the largest source of funds for the general fund during FY15:

Property Taxes \$2.3 million Intergovernmental Revenues \$1.6 million Other Taxes \$1.2 million

The following three expenditures represented the largest use of funds for the general fund during FY15:

Police Department \$2.3 million Fire Department \$1.2 million Sanitation Department \$607 thousand

The fund balance of the Village's Debt Service Fund remained consistent with the prior year. The Village's property tax collection for the Debt Service Fund equaled roughly half of the amount of principal and interest paid on the Village's debt. The issuance of new General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015 allowed the Debt Service Fund's fund balance to remain consistent.

The fund balance of the Village's Capital Projects Fund increased by \$81,572 during the current fiscal year.

The fund balance of the Village's Motor Fuel Tax Fund increased by \$10,387 during the current fiscal year.

Proprietary Funds: The Village's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position of the Water Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$2,985,947, a decrease of \$23,872 from the prior year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The following chart reflects the condensed Budgetary Comparison Schedule (in millions):

	Adopted	
General Fund	Budget	Actual
Revenues:		
Taxes	\$ 3,606,045	\$ 3,509,694
Other	3,052,075	2,853,727
Total	6,658,120	6,363,421
Expenditures: Total	6,873,120 6,873,120	6,251,119 6,251,119
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers In (out): Total	(85,000) (85,000)	(10,000) (10,000)
Change in fund balance	<u>\$ (300,000)</u>	<u>\$ 102,302</u>

Revenues came in under budget mainly due to a negative variance for property taxes (168k under budget).

The Village remains committed to fiscal responsibility and again was able to keep expenditures below budget.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The largest portion of the Village of Stickney's net position reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, land improvements and equipment) less any related debts used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. Capital assets are used to provide services to users of the Village and are not available for future spending.

As of April 30, 2015, the Village had capital assets net of depreciation of \$16,072,582 for governmental funds and \$1,761,621 for the Water Fund. Annual depreciation was \$749,295 and \$111,711, respectively.

The Village invested roughly \$600 thousand in capital assets during the year. The largest investment (\$250 thousand) was for land improvements.

For more detailed information related to capital assets, see note 7 to the financial statements.

Debt Administration

At April 30, 2015, the Village had outstanding debt as follows:

General Obligation Bonds Series 2008	\$ 5,955,000
General Obligation Bonds Series 2011	1,660,000
General Obligation Bonds Series 2015	1,315,000
Bond Premium	62,228
Police Time Due Payable	111,915
IMRF Net Pension Obligation	51,295
Police Net Pension Obligation	273,147
Net OPEB Obligation	 342,265
Total Outstanding Debt	\$ 9,770,850

Bond debt principal paid during the year was \$1,220,000 while interest expense was \$360,238. There were no changes in credit ratings and/or any debt limitations that may affect the financing of planned facilities or services. For more detailed information related to long-term debt, see Note 8 to the financial statements.

CONTACTING THE VILLAGE'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Village Treasurer, Village of Stickney, 6533 Pershing Road, Stickney, Illinois, 60402.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION April 30, 2015

	F	Prima	ry Governmer	nt	
	 overnmental Activities	Bu	siness-type Activities		Total
Assets					
Current					
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 2,696,198	\$	1,028,705	\$	3,724,903
Restricted investments	315,010		-		315,010
Property taxes receivable	1,602,955		-		1,602,955
Other governmental receivables	627,667		-		627,667
Accounts receivable	171,864		389,430		561,294
Other assets	90,542		-		90,542
Non-current					
Capital assets not being depreciated	1,299,348		25,575		1,324,923
Capital assets being depreciated, net	 14,773,234		1,736,046		16,509,280
Total assets	 21,576,818		3,179,756		24,756,574
Liabilities					
Current					
Accounts payable	94,611		170,074		264,685
Accrued payroll	240,169		23,735		263,904
Accrued interest payable	135,040		-		135,040
Unearned grant revenue	33,200		-		33,200
Current portion - bonds payable	435,000		-		435,000
Non-current					
Bonds payable	8,557,228		-		8,557,228
Net pension obligation - IMRF	51,295		-		51,295
Net pension obligation - police	273,147		-		273,147
Net OPEB obligation	342,265		-		342,265
Time-due payable	 111,915				111,915
Total liabilities	 10,273,870		193,809		10,467,679
Deferred inflow of resources					
Property taxes	 1,589,814		-		1,589,814
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	7,395,364		1,761,621		9,156,985
Restricted net position					
Special revenue	341,972		-		341,972
Debt service	339,746		-		339,746
Unrestricted	 1,636,052		1,224,326		2,860,378
Total net position	\$ 9,713,134	\$	2,985,947	\$	12,699,081

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended April 30, 2015

		Program Revenues								Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
					(Operating		Capital		Pr	imary Govern	ıme	nent			
Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>		C	Charges for Services	_	Grants and ontributions		Grants and Contributions		overnmental Activities	Business-Ty Activities	ре	<u>Total</u>			
Primary government																
Governmental activities																
General government	\$	1,107,233		489,678	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(617,555)	\$	-	\$ (617,555)			
Public safety		4,556,490		453,043		-		16,800		(4,086,647)		-	(4,086,647)			
Public works		1,369,254		337,801		166,305		120,247		(744,901)		-	(744,901)			
Parks & recreation		132,743		16,325		-		-		(116,418)		-	(116,418)			
Interest on long-term debt		349,359				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		(349,359)		_	(349,359)			
Total government activities	_	7,515,079	_	1,296,847		166,305	_	137,047	_	(5,914,880)		_	(5,914,880)			
Business-type activities																
Water		3,188,185		3,211,951							23,76	66	23,766			
Total business-type activities		3,188,185		3,211,951		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	23,76	66	23,766			
Total primary government	\$	10,703,264	\$	4,508,798	\$	166,305	\$	137,047	_	(5,914,880)	23,76	<u> 66</u>	(5,891,114)			
General revenues Taxes																
Property taxes, levied for general purposes										3,047,064		-	3,047,064			
Public service taxes										2,991,632		-	2,991,632			
Unrestricted investment earnings										358	10)6	464			
Total general revenues									_	6,039,054	10)6	6,039,160			
Change in net position										124,174	23,87	72	148,046			
Net position - beginning										9,588,960	2,962,0	<u>75</u>	12,551,035			
Net position - ending									\$	9,713,134	\$ 2,985,94	<u> 17</u>	\$ 12,699,081			

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET April 30, 2015

	Major Funds									Nonmajor		
		General		Debt		Capital		lotor Fuel	Go	overnmental		
		<u>Fund</u>	<u>S</u> 6	ervice Fund	Pr	ojects Fund	<u>I</u>	ax Fund		<u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
Assets												
Cash	\$	1,166,384	\$	337,951	\$	5,938	\$	5,363	\$	47,735	\$	1,563,371
Investments		588,260		-		530,158		329,419		-		1,447,837
Property taxes receivable		1,216,355		386,600		120 247		45 700		-		1,602,955
Other governmental receivables Other receivables		491,637 157,315		-		120,247		15,783		- 14,549		627,667 171,864
IRMA deposits		90,542		-		_		_		14,549		90,542
Interfund receivable		-		_		54,000		_		-		54,000
Total assets	\$	3,710,493	\$	724,551	\$	710,343	\$	350,565	\$	62,284	\$	5,558,236
Liabilities, deferred inflows of												
resources and fund balance												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	67,156	\$	_	\$	16,800	\$	452	\$	10,203	\$	94,611
Accrued payroll	*	240,169	*	_	*	-	*	-	Ψ		Ψ	240,169
Unearned grant revenue		-		_		33,200		_		_		33,200
Interfund payable		-		-		-		-		54,000		54,000
Total liabilities		307,325				50,000		452		64,203		421,980
Deferred inflows of resources												
Property tax		1,205,009		384,805		-		_		_		1,589,814
Unavailable revenue		231,495		, -		120,247		-		6,222		357,964
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,436,504		384,805		120,247		-		6,222		1,947,778
Fund balance												
Unassigned		1,876,122		-		-		-		(43,477)		1,832,645
Restricted for capital projects		-		-		540,096		-		-		540,096
Restricted for recreation		-		-		-		-		13,145		13,145
Restricted for debt service		-		339,746		-		-		-		339,746
Restricted for streets		-		-		-		350,113		-		350,113
Restricted for police activities		-		-		-		-		22,191		22,191
Nonspendable for IRMA		90,542	_		_		_		_		_	90,542
Total fund balance		1,966,664	_	339,746		540,096		350,113		(8,141)		3,188,478
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	•	0 740 10-	•		•	7 46 5 1 -	•	050 50-	_	00.00	_	
resources and fund balance	\$	3,710,493	\$	724,551	\$	710,343	\$	350,565	\$	62,284	\$	5,558,236

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION April 30, 2015

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 3,188,478
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position differ because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	16,072,582
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are unavailable in the funds: Intergovernmental receivables	357,964
Some liabilities reported in the statement of net position do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. These liabilities consist of:	
General obligation bonds Accrued interest on general obligation bonds Time-due payable Net OPEB obligation Net pension obligations	 (8,992,228) (135,040) (111,915) (342,265) (324,442)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 9,713,134

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended April 30, 2015

		Major	Nonmajor			
	General <u>Fund</u>	Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects Fund	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Governmental Funds	<u>Total</u>
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 2,297,793	\$ 749,271	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,047,064
Intergovernmental revenues	1,647,524	-	-	-	-	1,647,524
Other taxes	1,211,901	-	-	-	68,855	1,280,756
Licenses & permits	330,655	-	-	-	-	330,655
Fines & fees	685,935	-	-	-	-	685,935
Other revenue	· -	-	-	-	15,245	15,245
Motor fuel tax allotments	_	-	-	166,305	, -	166,305
Special events	20,928	_	_	-	_	20,928
Miscellaneous	168,462	_	_	_	_	168,462
Program revenue	100, 102	_	_	_	16,325	16,325
Grant revenue	_	_	16,800	59,297	10,020	76,097
Investment income	223	28	53	54	_	358
					400 405	
Total revenues	6,363,421	749,299	16,853	225,656	100,425	7,455,654
Expenditures Current						
Executive & legislative	68,200	-	-	-	-	68,200
Administration	245,698	-	-	-	-	245,698
Professional services	165,572	_	_	_	-	165,572
Police department	2,308,176	_	_	_	_	2,308,176
Fire department	1,231,568	_	_	_	_	1,231,568
Public works	277,038	_	_	_	_	277,038
Public works Public buildings & grounds	192,106	_	_	_	_	192,106
Miscellaneous		-	-	-	-	
	13,506	-	-	-	-	13,506
Sanitation department	606,847	-	-	-	-	606,847
Insurance	186,093	-	-	-	-	186,093
Auditing	20,000	-	-	-	-	20,000
Municipal retirement	305,349	-	-	-	-	305,349
Contributions to pension fund	570,934	-	-	-	-	570,934
Parks & recreation	60,032	-	-	-	-	60,032
Capital projects	-	40,600	439,680	-	-	480,280
Program expenditures	-	-	-	215,269	61,911	277,180
Debt service						
Principal	-	1,220,000	-	-	-	1,220,000
Interest	-	360,238	-	-	-	360,238
Total expenditures	6,251,119	1,620,838	439,680	215,269	61,911	8,588,817
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	112,302	(871,539)	(422,827)	10,387	38,514	(1,133,163)
(under) expenditures	112,302	(671,339)	(422,021)	10,367	30,314	(1,133,103)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Bond proceeds	-	833,392	481,608	-	-	1,315,000
Bond premium	-	39,437	22,791	-	-	62,228
Transfers in (out)	(10,000)	, <u> </u>	, -	-	10,000	, -
Total other financing sources (uses)	(10,000)	872,829	504,399		10,000	1,377,228
Net changes in fund balances	102,302	1,290	81,572	10,387	48,514	244,065
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,864,362	338,456	458,524	339,726	(56,655)	2,944,413
	\$ 1,966,664	\$ 339,746	\$ 540,096	\$ 350,113	\$ (8,141)	\$ 3,188,478

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended April 30, 2015

Amounts reported in the governmental activities in the statement of activities differ due to the following reasons: Net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds \$ 244,065 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period is shown below Capital outlay \$ 584,427 Depreciation (749, 295)(164,868)Various tax revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are unavailable in the fund statements. The change from the prior fiscal year totals: 183,599 The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal consumes the current financial resources. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report of the effect premiums, discounts, and similar items when the debt is issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of those differences in the treatment of long term debt. Issuance of Debt (1,377,228)Principal Repayment 1,220,000 Change in leases payable 35,087 Change in Accrued Interest 10,879 (111,262)The increase in future salary obligations will not be paid with current financial resources and therefore is not recorded in the fund statements Change in time due payable (3,231)Change in net OPEB obligation (82,573)Change in IMRF net pension obligation (963)Change in police net pension obligation 59,407 (27,360)Change in net position - statement of activities 124,174

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND April 30, 2015

Assets	Water Fund
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,028,705
Accounts receivable (net of allowances)	389,430
Total current assets	1,418,135
Noncurrent assets	
Capital assets not being depreciated	25,575
Capital assets being depreciated, net	1,736,046
Total noncurrent assets	1,761,621
Total assets	3,179,756
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	170,074
Accrued payroll	23,735
Total current liabilities	193,809
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	1,761,621
Unrestricted	1,224,326
Total net position	\$ 2,985,947

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Wa	ater Fund
Operating revenues Charges for services Total operating revenues	\$	3,211,951 3,211,951
Operating expenses Water purchases Water administration Depreciation Total operating expenses		2,093,978 982,496 111,711 3,188,185
Operating income (loss)		23,766
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Investment income Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		106 106
Net income (loss)		23,872
Net position at beginning of year		2,962,075
Net position at end of year	\$	2,985,947

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Water Fund
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	
Cash flows from operating activities	
Cash received from customers	\$ 3,234,344
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(2,100,142)
Cash payments to employees for services	(984,026)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	150,176
Cash flows from investing activities	
Interest and dividends on investments	106
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	106
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	150,282
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	878,423
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 1,028,705
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided	
by operating activities	
Operating income (loss)	\$ 23,766
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities	
Depreciation	111,711
Changes in assets and liabilities	,
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	22,393
Increase (decrease) in payables	(6,164)
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll	(1,530)
Total adjustments	126,410
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 150,176

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS April 30, 2015

	Pension <u>Trust Fund</u> Police <u>Pension Fund</u>
Assets	
Cash & cash equivalents	\$ 890,037
Investments	
US government and agency obligations	763,885
Municipal obligations	358,152
Corporate obligations	1,070,999
Equity mutual funds	1,971,747
Total investments	4,164,783
Accrued interest	25,498
Total assets	5,080,318
Net position restricted for pensions	\$ 5,080,318

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Police Pension Fund
Additions	
Contributions	
Employer	\$ 570,934
Plan members	119,628
Total contributions	690,562
Investment earnings	
Interest income	196,754
Net change in fair value	(113,624)
·	83,130
Less investment expenses	(15,340)
Total investment earnings	67,790
Total additions	758,352
Deductions	
Administration	13,503
Benefits and refunds	803,029
Total deductions	816,532
	(50,400)
Change in net position	(58,180)
Net position - beginning of year	5,138,498
Net position - end of year	\$ 5,080,318

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies of the Village of Stickney, Illinois are described below to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the readers.

<u>Introduction</u>: The financial statements of the Village of Stickney, Illinois (the "Village") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Village's significant accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity: The Village has adopted the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity, under which the financial statements include all the organizations, activities, functions, and component units for which the Village is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as an appointment of a voting majority of the component units board and either (1) the Village's ability to impose its will over the component unit or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the Village.

Because of the nature of the relationship of the Village and the Police Pension Fund, the Village has included the Police Pension Fund as a component unit within the Village's basic financial statements. A financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Police Pension Fund is available from the Village of Stickney, 6533 West Pershing Road, Stickney, Illinois 60402.

<u>Basis of Presentation</u>: The Village's basic financial statements consist of Village-wide statements, including a statement of net position, statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information. The Village-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Village as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from activities of the fiscal period.

Village-Wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Village as a whole. In the Village-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary activities. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Villagewide statement of activities reflects both the direct expenses and net cost of each function of the Village's governmental activities and business-like activity. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods or services offered by the program, grants, and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the Village, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each government function or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Village.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements – The financial transactions of the Village are recorded in individual funds. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and deferred outflows, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Separate statements for each fund category — governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary — are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and presented as nonmajor funds. Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Presentation

Village-Wide Financial Statements – The Village-wide financial statements and fund financial statements for proprietary and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the balance sheet and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, if measurable, and expenses are recognized as incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The Village has reported three categories of program revenues in the statement of activities: (1) charges for services, (2) program-specific operating grants and contributions, and (3) program-specific capital grants and contributions. Program revenues are derived directly from the program itself or from external sources, such as the State of Illinois; they reduce the net cost of each function to be financed from the Village's general revenues. For identifying the function to which a program revenue pertains, the determining factor for charges for services is which function generates the revenue. For grants and contributions, the determining factor is the function to which the revenues are restricted.

Eliminations have been made in the statement of net position to remove the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column for amounts reported in the individual funds as interfund receivables and payables and advances. Similarly, operating transfers between funds have been eliminated in the statement of activities. Amounts reported in the governmental funds as receivable from or payable to fiduciary funds have been reclassified in the statement of net position as accounts receivable or payable to external parties.

Fund Financial Statements – Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues accrued at the end of the year include real estate tax, state sales tax, state income tax, and motor fuel tax. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Village receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include taxes, grants, and donations. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Unavailable revenue is reported on the governmental fund balance sheet as a deferred inflow of resources. Unavailable revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria. Unavailable revenues also arise when resources are received prior to the government having a legal claim to them. In a subsequent period, when both recognition criteria are met or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the deferred inflow of resources is removed and the revenue recognized. Grant proceeds received by the Village before they are earned do not meet this criteria and are presented as a liability.

Proprietary funds separate all activity into two categories: operating revenues and expenses and non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods. Non-operating revenues and expenses entail all other activity not included in operating revenues and expenses. Non-operating revenues and expenses include capital and noncapital financing activities and investing activities.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the Village's policy to apply restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Differences occur from the manner in which the governmental activities and the Village-wide financial statements are prepared that are due to the inclusion of capital asset and long-term debt activity. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the Village-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: To account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: To account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities that are not financed by Proprietary and Trust Funds.

<u>Motor Fuel Tax Fund</u>: To account for activity of the Village's Motor Fuel Tax Allotments from the State of Illinois. This activity generally includes road resurfacing and other infrastructure improvements. The main revenue stream relates to funding from Motor Fuel Tax allotments.

In addition to the fund types mentioned above, the Village uses the following nonmajor governmental fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than debt service or major capital expenditures) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds account for operations that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The Village reports the following major proprietary fund:

<u>Water Fund</u>: The fund accounts for the provision of waste water services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and, therefore, cannot be used to support the Village's own programs.

<u>Police Pension Trust Fund</u>: The fund accounts for assets held by the Village as a trustee. The pension trust fund has resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the pension plan.

Cash and Investments

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary fund types consider all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

<u>Investments</u>: Investments are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB 31. Fair values for Illinois Funds are the same as the value of the pool shares. State statute requires these funds to comply with the Illinois Public Funds Investment Act (30 ILCS 235). \$315,010 of investments are presented as restricted on the Statement of Net Position. This represents the unspent bond proceeds.

<u>Short-Term Receivables/Payable</u>: During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "advances from other funds" or "advances to other funds" on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans, if any, are classified as "interfund receivables/payables."

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the Village-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets, which include land, property, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the village-wide financial statements. As allowed by GASB Statement 34, the Village, as a phase-three government, has elected to report governmental activities infrastructure assets acquired subsequent to May 1, 2004. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with a useful life of more than one year and an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land, site improvements, and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements	20	Years
Buildings	15-40	Years
Furniture and office equipment	5-10	Years
Equipment	10	Years
Vehicles	3-20	Years
Waterworks system	50	Years
General infrastructure assets	40	Years

<u>Compensated Absences Payable</u>: An ordinance adopted by the Village Board of Trustees provides a written policy for sick leave and vacation for salaried and hourly-paid employees of the Village. In accordance with this ordinance, vacations must be taken in the year earned or forfeited. Sick pay is allowable in accordance with the allowable days provided in the ordinance. Sick pay can be accumulated or accrued, but will not be paid out upon an employee's termination or retirement. Consequently, no liability for accrued vacations and sick leave has been provided for in these financial statements. However, police officers earn comp time, which the Village is liable to pay should the officer leave the Village. Therefore, this amount of comp time earned but not used or paid is recorded in the Village-wide financial statements as Time Due Payable.

<u>Long-Term Obligations</u>: In the Village-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as a debt service expenditure in the year incurred.

<u>Fund Equity/Net Position</u>: In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. The components of fund balance include the following line items:

- a. Nonspendable fund balance is inherently nonspendable, such as portions of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form and portions of net resources that cannot be spent because they must be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted fund balance is externally enforceable limitations on use, such as limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other government as well as limitations imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed fund balance has self-imposed limitations set in place prior to the end of the period. The limitations are imposed at the highest level of decision making that requires formal action at the same level to remove. For the Village, the Board of Trustees is the highest level of decision making. As of April 30, 2015, the Village does not have any commitments of fund balance.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- d. Assigned fund balance has limitations resulting from intended use consisting of amounts where the intended use is established by the Board of Trustees designated for that purpose. The intended use is established by an official designated for that purpose. The Board of Trustees has not designated any members of management for this purpose.
- e. Unassigned fund balance is the total fund balance in the general fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned fund balance. In addition, negative fund balance in other funds, besides the General Fund, is shown as unassigned.

If there is an expenditure incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance classifications could be used, then the Village will consider committed fund balance to be spent first, then assigned fund balance and finally unassigned fund balance. The Village will also consider restricted fund balance to be spent before unrestricted.

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances for any borrowing used for the acquisition construction of improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Village or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments. At year end, the Village's emergency telephone system fund had a negative fund balance of \$43,477.

<u>Property Taxes</u>: Property taxes that have been levied but not collected during the year are recorded as property taxes receivable and Unavailable revenue to the extent they will not be available to finance current operations. Property taxes are levied and attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1 and are payable in two installments on March 1 and (normally) August 1 subsequent to the year of levy. Property taxes are recognized as revenue when they are available to finance operations (within 60 days of year end). This method of recognizing property tax revenue resulted in unavailable 2015 tax revenue since this amount will not be collected within 60 days of year end and will not be available to finance operations until the succeeding year.

<u>Use of Estimates</u>: Management has made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities to prepare these financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Actual results could differ.

Commitments: The Village has no significant commitments at year end relating to construction projects.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Village

Cash

The carrying amount of cash, excluding the Pension Trust Fund, was \$2,023,615 at April 30, 2015, while the bank balances were \$2,024,591. Of the total bank balances, \$250,000 was insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The remaining \$1,774,591 was fully collateralized as of year end.

Investments (excluding Pension Trust Fund)

Illinois statutes authorized the Village to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and banks and savings and loan associations covered by federal depositary insurance.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The following schedule reports the fair values for the Village's investments at April 30, 2015. All investments mature in less than one year:

Investment Type Fair Value

Illinois Funds – State Treasurer \$ 2,016,298

The value of the Illinois Funds equates to the number of shares owned as of April 30, 2015.

Interest Rate Risk – The Village does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk – The Village's general investment policy is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, to seek reasonable income, preserve capital, and, in general, avoid speculative investments. Illinois Funds are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Village's investments are fully collateralized as of April 30, 2015.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Village places no limit on the amount the Village may invest in any one issuer. More than 5% of the Village's investments are in Illinois Funds. These investments are 100% of the Village's investments.

Police Pension Fund

Deposits, Investments, and Concentrations - The deposits and investments of the Pension Fund are held separately from those of other Village funds. Statutes authorize the Pension Fund to make deposits/invest in interest-bearing direct obligations of the United States of America; obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States of America; bonds, notes, debentures, or similar obligations of agencies of the United States of America; savings accounts or certificates of deposit issued by banks or savings and loan associations chartered by the United States of America or by the State of Illinois, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; credit unions, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; State of Illinois bonds; pooled accounts managed by the Illinois Funds Market Funds (Formerly known as IPTIP, accordance with the laws of the State of Illinois; bonds or tax anticipation warrants of any county, township, or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois; direct obligations of the State of Israel; money market mutual funds managed by investment companies that are registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 and are diversified, open-ended management investment companies, provided the portfolio is limited to specified restrictions; general accounts of life insurance companies; and separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds, the mutual funds must meet specific restrictions, provided the investment in separate accounts and mutual funds does not exceed 10% of the Pension Fund's plan net position; and corporate bonds managed through an investment advisor, rated as investment grade by one of the two largest rating services at the time of purchase. Pension funds with net position of 2.5 million or more may invest up to 45% of plan net position in separate account of life insurance companies and mutual funds. Pension funds with a net position of at least 5 million that have appointed an investment advisor, may through that investment advisor invest up to forty-five percent of the plan's net position in common and preferred stocks that meet specific restrictions. In addition, pension funds with plan net position of at least \$10 million that have appointed an investment advisor, may invest up to 50% of its net position in common

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

and preferred stocks and mutual funds that meet specific restrictions effective July 1, 2011 and up to 55% effective July 1, 2012.

Police Pension Fund (Continued):

Deposits – At year end, the carrying amount and bank balance of the Pension Fund's deposits totaled \$890,037 and 819,963, respectively.

Investments – At year end, the Pension Fund has the following investments and maturities (using the time segmented distribution method):

	Fair		Less Inan		<u>iviore i nan</u>
Investment Type	<u>Value</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1-5</u>	<u>6-10</u>	<u>10</u>
U.S. Govt and Agency Obligations	\$ 763,885	-	-	-	763,885
Municipal Obligations	358,152	202,450	155,702	-	-
Corporate Obligations	1,070,999	607,466	312,203		151,330
Total	<u>\$2,193,036</u>	\$ 809,916	\$ 467,905	<u>\$ - </u>	\$ 915,21 <u>5</u>

The difference between the fair value total above of 2,193,036 and the amount on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position of \$4,164,783 is due to investments without finite maturity dates. These investments include equity mutual funds in the amount of \$1,971,747.

The Pension Fund assumes any callable securities will not be called.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the Pension Fund's investment policy, the Pension Fund limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity while at the same time matching investment maturities to projected fund liabilities.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Pension Fund helps limit its exposure to credit risk by primarily investing in securities issued by the United States Government and/or its agencies that are implicitly guaranteed by the United States Government. The Pension Fund's investment policy establishes criteria for allowable investments; those criteria follow the requirements of the Illinois Pension Code. The Investments in the securities of U.S. government agencies were all rated triple A by Standard & Poor's or by Moody's Investors Services. The Pension Fund's investment policy also prescribes to the "prudent person" rule, which states,

"Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the primary objective of safety as well as the secondary objective of the attainment of market rates return."

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: In the case of deposits, the risk is that in the event of a bank failure, the Pension Fund's deposits may not be returned. At April 30, 2015, the entire amount of the bank balance of the deposits was covered by federal depository or equivalent insurance. The Pension Fund's investment policy requires pledging of collateral with a fair value of 110% of all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: For an investment, the risk is that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Pension Fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Money market mutual funds and equity mutual funds are not subject to custodial credit risk. The Pension Fund limits its exposure to custodial credit risk by using an

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

independent third-party institution, selected by the Pension Fund, to act as custodian for its securities and collateral.

Police Pension Fund (Continued):

Concentration of Credit Risk – The risk is loss attributed to the magnitude of the Fund's investment in a single issuer. At April 30, 2015, the Pension Fund has no investments over 5% of net plan investments that are required to be disclosed by GASB.

NOTE 3 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The Village's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier I benefits. For Tier I employees, pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at age 55 (reduced benefits) or after age 60 (full benefits) with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (reduced benefits) or after age 67 (full benefits) with ten years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

Funding Policy - As set by statute, your employer regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer contribution rate for calendar year 2014 was 11.23% of annual covered payroll and for 2015 the rate is 10.29%. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2014 was 11.23%. The employer also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Annual Pension Cost - For the fiscal year ending April 30, 2015, the employer's annual contribution of \$159,417 for the regular plan was paid. It was the same as the required contribution, which was \$159,417.

Annual Required Contribution	\$ 159,417
Interest on NPO	3,775
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (2,812)
Annual Pension Cost	160,380
Actual Contribution	 159,417
Increase in net pension obligation	963
Net pension obligation at May 1, 2014	 50,332
Net pension obligation at April 30, 2015	\$ 51,295

NOTE 3 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

TREND INFORMATION - IMRF

Fiscal Year Date	Annual pension		Actual		Percentage of		Net Pension	
- I ISCAI TEAI DAIE	C	Cost (APC)	С	ontribution	APC Contributed		Obligation	
4/30/2015	\$	160,380	\$	159,417	99%	\$	51,295	
4/30/2014		167,898		160,096	95%		50,332	
4/30/2013		150,112		138,088	92%		42,530	

The required contribution for 2014 was determined as part of the December 31, 2012, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2012, included (a) 7.5 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.00% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 10% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post-retirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of your employer Regular plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20% corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. The employer Regular plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability at December 31, 2012 is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open 30 year basis.

Funded Status and Funding Progress – As of December 31, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Regular plan was 86.15 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$4,129,385 and the actuarial value of plan assets was \$3,557,543, resulting in an underfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of the \$571,842. The covered payroll for the calendar year 2014 (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,463,806 and the ration of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 39 percent.

The Schedule of funding progress, presented in the Required Supplementary Information section following the notes to the financial statements which presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

	Actuarial				UAAL as a
Acturial	Accrued Liability	Unfunded	Funded		Percentage of
Valuation Acturial Value	(AAL) - Entry	AAL (UAAL)	Ratio	Covered	Covered Payroll ((b-
Date of Assets (a)	Age (b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	Payroll (c)	a)/c)
12/31/2014 \$ 3,557,543	\$ 4,129,385	\$ 571,842	86.15%	\$ 1,463,806	39.07%
12/31/2013 3,090,668	3,578,486	487,818	86.37%	1,379,548	35.36%
12/31/2012 2,609,499	3,266,625	657,126	79.88%	1,263,298	52.02%

NOTE 4 - PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS

Police Pension

The Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn police personnel. The Police Pension Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits, as well as automatic annual cost of living adjustments, to plan members and their beneficiaries. Although this is a single employer pension plan the defined benefits and contribution requirements of the plan members

NOTE 4 - PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

and the Village are governed by Illinois State Statutes and may only be amended by the Illinois legislature. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

At April 30, 2015, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, the Police Pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	16
Active Plan Members	16
Total	32

The following is a summary of the Police Pension Plan as provided for in Illinois State Statutes.

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier I employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3.00% of the original pension and 3.00% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with ten or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officer's salary for pension purposes is capped at \$106,800 plus the lesser of 1/2 of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3.00% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e. 1/2% for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date whichever is later. Non-compounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3.00% or 1/2 of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan, including administrative costs, as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. By the year 2040 the Village's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Policy Pension Plan is 90% funded.

Funding Status and Progress: The amount shown below as the "net pension obligation" is the cumulative difference between annual pension cost and the employer's contribution.

NOTE 4 - PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

The net pension benefit obligation was computed as part of an actuarial valuation performed as of April 30, 2014. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation include (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7% a year compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases that are due to inflation of 5.5% a year compounded annually, and (c) 3.0% per year postretirement benefit increase.

	4/3	4/30/2015		4/30/2014	
Annual required contribution	\$	515,058	\$	523,703	
Interest on net pension obligation		23,279		27,387	
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(14,481)		(16,557)	
Annual pension cost		523,856		534,533	
Contributions made		583,263		593,219	
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation		(59,407)		(58,686)	
Net pension obligation, beginning of year		332,554		391,240	
Net pension obligation, end of year	\$	273,147	\$	332,554	

Three Year Trend Information

Annual Pension	Percentage of APC	Net Pension		
Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation		
\$ 523,856	111.3%	\$ 273,147		
\$ 534,533	111.0%	\$ 332,554		
587,099	109.8%	391,240		

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to financial statements, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial	Actuarial Value of	Accrued Liability (AAL) -	Unfunded AAL	Funded	Covered	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered
Valuation	Assets (a)	Entry Áge	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date		(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
4/30/2014	5,138,498	14,321,271	\$ 9,182,773	35.9%	\$ 1,170,196	784.7%
4/30/2013	5,101,898	13,772,317	8,670,419	37.0%	1,062,489	816.0%
4/30/2012	4,894,030	13,026,374	8,132,344	37.6%	1,069,149	760.6%

Actuarial methods and assumptions- projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long term perspective of the calculations.

NOTE 5 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Plan Description. The Village provides limited health care insurance coverage for its eligible retired employees in a single employer plan. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone report. Employer provided benefit is 100% of health premiums for life for eligible disabled employees, police, and dispatch with 25 years of service, 100% of single premium to age 65. At April 30, 2015 (the most recent actuarial valuation date), the OPEB plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	8
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active vested plan members	20
Active nonvested plan members	17
Total	45

Funding Policy. Funding is provided by the Village on a pay-as-you-go basis. Retirees and their dependents may continue coverage under The Village's group health program. The Village's contribution on behalf of the employees to the insurance provider was \$137,594 for 2015.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The Village's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the *Entry Age actuarial method*, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The following table shows the components of the Village's annual OPEB cost for fiscal year 2015, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Village's net OPEB obligation:

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation	Apr	il 30, 2015
Annual required contribution	\$	218,437
Interest on net OPEB obligation		10,388
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(8,656)
Annual OPEB cost		220,169
Contributions made		137,594
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation		82,574
Net OPEB obligation beginning of year		259,691
Net OPEB obligation end of year	\$	342,265

The Village's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 was as follows:

Fiscal Year	OPEB	Annual OPEB	OPEB			
End	Cost	Cost	Obligation			
4/30/2015	\$ 220,169	62.50%	\$ 342,265			
4/30/2014	219,622	62.70%	259,692			
4/30/2013	171.651	74.60%	177.664			

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of April 30, 2013 (the most recent actuarial valuation date), the plan was unfunded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was approximately \$3 million.

NOTE 5 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

		Actuarial				
		Accrued				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Liability	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL) -	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	AAL) Ratio		Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
4/30/2013	\$ -	\$ 2,977,055	\$ 2,977,055	0.0%	\$ 2,522,158	118.0%
4/30/2011	-	2,681,522	2,681,522	0.0%	2,342,810	114.5%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

NOTE 6 – IRS SECTION 457 COMPENSATION PLANS

The Village offers its employees two compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 and administered by two outside providers. The plans permit eligible employees to delay a portion of their salary until future years. The compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The plan complies with subsection (g)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code Section 457, which requires that all assets and income of the plan described in subsection (b)(6) be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. As a result, the Village no longer acts in a fiduciary capacity; thus, the plan is no longer required to be reported in the financial statements of the Village.

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the Village's Governmental capital assets for the period May 1, 2014 through April 30, 2015 follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance <u>May 1, 2014</u>			<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements</u>		Balance <u>April 30, 2015</u>	
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$	1,299,348	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,299,348
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Land improvements		753,382		250,291		-		1,003,673
Buildings		9,623,721		-		-		9,623,721
Furniture and office equipment		107,806		-		-		107,806
Equipment		1,215,718		8,066		-		1,223,784
Vehicles and trucks		2,739,002		189,389		162,480		2,765,911
Infrastructure		7,629,540		136,681				7,766,221
Subtotal		22,069,169	_	584,427		162,480		22,491,116
Accumulated Depreciation								
Land improvements		526,639		44,178		-		570,817
Buildings		3,043,893		253,112		-		3,297,005
Furniture and office equipment		68,695		7,682		-		76,377
Equipment		704,848		82,953		-		787,801
Vehicles and trucks		1,889,728		167,215		162,480		1,894,463
Infrastructure		897,264		194,155				1,091,419
Subtotal		7,131,067		749,295		162,480		7,717,882
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		14,938,102						14,773,234
•		, = = 0, = 0						, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total governmental capital assets, net	\$	16,237,450					\$	16,072,582

Depreciation expense of the governmental activities was allocated as shown below.

General government	\$ 73,872
Public safety	367,930
Public works	249,762
Culture and recreation	 57,731
	\$ 749.295

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

A summary of changes in the Village's Business-type capital assets for the period from May 1, 2014 through April 30, 2015 follows:

Duaineas tuna activitias	Balance <u>May 1, 2014</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Retirements	Balance April 30, 2015
Business-type activities Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 25,575	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,575
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Pumping station and tower	967,039	-	-	967,039
Water works system	949,000	-	-	949,000
Office equipment	59,216	-	-	59,216
Trucks & accessories	171,975	-	-	171,975
Improvements to system	1,920,033	-	-	1,920,033
Buildings	789,049			789,049
Subtotal	4,856,312	<u> </u>		4,856,312
Accumulated Depreciation				
Pumping station and tower	235,712	18,649	-	254,361
Water works system	734,594	11,343	-	745,937
Office equipment	48,265	3,650	-	51,915
Trucks & accessories	168,577	485	-	169,062
Improvements to system	1,226,090	38,401	-	1,264,491
Buildings	595,316	39,184		634,500
Subtotal	3,008,554	111,712		3,120,266
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	1,847,758			1,736,046
Total business-type capital				
assets, net	\$ 1,873,333	i		<u>\$ 1,761,621</u>

All depreciation from business-type activities is charged to the water fund.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in the Village's long-term debt:

	M	ay 1, 2014	Issued	Retired		April 30, 2015			Current
G.O. Bonds Series 2004	\$	945,000		\$	945,000	\$	-	\$	-
G.O. Bonds Series 2008		6,055,000			100,000		5,955,000		110,000
G.O. Bonds Series 2011		1,835,000			175,000		1,660,000		175,000
G.O. Bonds Series 2015		-	1,315,000		-		1,315,000		150,000
Bond Premium		-	62,228		-		62,228		12,446
Total GO Bonds		8,835,000	1,377,228		1,220,000		8,992,228	_	447,446
Conital Lagge Davishle		25.007			25 007				
Capital Lease Payable		35,087	-		35,087		-		-
IMRF NPO		50,332	963		-		51,295		-
Police Pension NPO		332,554	-		59,407		273,147		-
OPEB Obligation		259,692	82,573		-		342,265		-
Police Time Due Payable		108,684	3,231		-		111,915		-
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$	9,621,349	<u>\$1,463,995</u>	\$	1,314,494	\$	9,770,850	\$	447,446

Interest paid during the year on the Series 2004, 2008, and 2011 General Obligation Bonds was \$360,238. All bonds are paid from the Debt Service Fund. All other debt is expected to be paid from the General Fund.

On July 6, 2004, the Village issued \$2,000,000 of debt. The issuance was used to fund capital expenditures within the Village including construction of a new police station. Interest payments are due every six months starting on June 1, 2006, with interest rates varying from 3.5% to 4.4%. Principal payments are due annually on December 1, beginning with the first principal payment due on December 1, 2006. The bond was paid off on March 16, 2015 with the funds from the General Obligation Bonds Series 2015.

On September 25, 2008, the Village issued General Obligation Bonds Series 2008 in the amount of \$6,400,000. The proceeds from the bonds were used for various capital projects within the Village. Interest payments are due every six months starting with interest rates varying from 3.0% to 4.5%. Principal payments are due annually on December 1. The bond is scheduled to mature on December 1, 2028.

On September 7, 2011, the Village issued General Obligation Bonds Series 2011 for \$2,390,000. These funds were used to currently refund (pay in full) the Series 2001 bond issuance in order to reduce the Village's interest expense. The rate of interest on the Series 2011 ranges from 2.0 to 3.75%. Principal payments are due annually on December 1. The bond is scheduled to mature through December 1, 2023.

On February 10, 2015, the Village issued General Obligation Bonds Series 2015 for \$1,315,000. These funds were used to currently refund (pay in full) the Series 2004 bond issuance in order to reduce the Village's interest expense. The rate of interest on the Series 2015 ranges from 2.0 to 3.0%. Principal payments are due annually on December 1. This bond is scheduled to mature on December 1, 2019.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Debt Service Requirements Until Maturity

	GO Bonds						
Fiscal Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>					
2016	447,445	334,279					
2017	457,445	331,367					
2018	477,445	318,292					
2019	502,445	303,860					
2020-2024	3,347,448	1,177,600					
2025-2029	3,760,000	517,600					
Total	\$ 8,992,228	\$ 2,982,998					

NOTE 9 - INSURANCE

Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency: The Village has entered into a contractual agreement with the Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA). IRMA is an organization of municipalities and special districts in northeastern Illinois that have formed an association under the Illinois Intergovernmental Cooperation's Statute to pool its risk management needs. The agency administers a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance coverages; property/casualty and workers' compensation claim administration/litigation management services; unemployment claim administration; extensive risk management/loss control consulting and training programs; and a risk information system and financial reporting service for its members. The Village's payments to IRMA are displayed on the financial statements as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds. The Village assumes the first \$2,500 of each occurrence, and IRMA has a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance at various amounts above that level.

The Village appoints one delegate, along with an alternate delegate, to represent the Village on the Board of Directors. The Village does not exercise any control over the activities of the Agency beyond its representation on the Board of Directors.

Initial contributions are determined each year based on the individual member's eligible revenue as defined in the by-laws of IRMA and experience modification factors based on past member loss experience. The Village has a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of IRMA attributable to a membership year during which they were a member. Supplemental contributions may be required to fund these deficits.

Should a claim be paid by IRMA for which these reserves proved inadequate, the Village would be responsible for paying a portion of such deficiency. However, at April 30, 2015, management knows of no claim, asserted or unasserted, which if asserted and paid would have a materially adverse effect on the financial position of the various funds of the Village at April 30, 2015. The amount of settlements has not exceeded coverage during the past three fiscal years.

<u>Health Insurance</u>: The Village has purchased medical insurance through the State of Illinois Local Government Health Plan to cover its employees. The amount of coverage has neither decreased nor has the amount of settlements exceeded coverage during the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10 - LEASE CONTRACTS

The Village previously entered into a five year capital lease contract for street sweeping equipment. The Village will pay \$37,120 each year starting December 3, 2010 with final payment on December 3, 2014. Interest rate on the lease is 5.79% with total interest costs of \$28,338 over the life of the lease.

NOTE 11 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY

During the year, the general fund transferred \$10,000 to the family day fund. At year end, the emergency telephone system fund owes the capital projects fund \$54,000.

(Continued)

NOTE 12 - NEW GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In June 2013, the GASB issued Statement 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 25, *Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans* and Statement 50 as they relate to pension plans that are administered through trusts or similar arrangements meeting certain criteria. The Statement builds upon the existing framework for financial reports of defined benefit pension plans, which includes a statement of fiduciary net position (the amount held in a trust for paying retirement benefits) and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Statement 67 enhances note disclosures and RSI for both defined benefit and defined contribution pension plans. Statement 67 also requires the presentation of new information about annual money-weighted rates of return in the notes to the financial statements and in 10-year RSI schedules. The provisions of this Statement are effective for the Village's Police Pension Fund fiscal year ending April 30, 2015. Management has determined that this GASB statement will not have a significant impact on the Village's financial statements as the Police Pension Fund issues a separate report.

In June 2013, the GASB issued Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This* Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers* and Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosures*, as they relate to governments that provide pensions through pension plans administered as trusts or similar arrangements that meet certain criteria. Statement 68 requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. The Statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised and new note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI). The provisions of this Statement are effective for the Village's financial year ending April 30, 2016. Management has determined this GASB statement will have a material impact on its financial statements.

In January 2014, the GASB issued Statement 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for U.S. state and local governments' combinations and disposals of government operations. Government combinations include mergers, acquisitions, and transfers of operations. A disposal of government operations can occur through a transfer to another government or a sale. The new standard provides guidance for:

- Determining whether a specific government combination is a government merger, a government acquisition, or a transfer of operations;
- Using carrying values (generally, the amounts recognized in the pre-combination financial statements of the combining governments or operations) to measure the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources combined in a government merger or transfer of operations;
- Measuring acquired assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources based upon their acquisition values in a government acquisition; and
- Reporting the disposal of government operations that have been transferred or sold.

This Statement is effective for the Village's financial period ending April 30, 2015. This Statement was implemented during the year with no material impact.

(Continued)

NOTE 12 – NEW GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

In April 2014, the GASB issued Statement 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments that extend and receive nonexchange financial guarantees. This Statement requires a government that extends a nonexchange financial guarantee to recognize a liability when qualitative factors and historical data, if any, indicate that it is more likely than not that the government will be required to make a payment on the guarantee. This liability should be reported until legally released as an obligor. This Statement also requires a government that is required to repay a guarantor for making a payment on a guaranteed obligation or legally assuming the guaranteed obligation to continue to recognize a liability until legally released as an obligor. When released as an obligor, the government should recognize revenue as a result of being relieved of the obligation. This Statement also provides additional guidance for intra-entity nonexchange financial guarantees involving blended component units by specifying the information required to be disclosed by governments that extend nonexchange financial guarantees as well as new information to be disclosed by governments that receive nonexchange financial guarantees. The provisions of this Statement are effective for the Village's fiscal year ended April 30, 2015. This Statement was implemented during the year with no material impact.

In November 2013, the GASB issued Statement 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date.* The objective of this Statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement 68. The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or nonemployer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. This Statement amends paragraph 137 of Statement 68 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. Statement 68, as amended, continues to require that beginning balances for other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions be reported at transition only if it is practical to determine all such amounts. The provisions of this Statement are required to be applied simultaneously with the provisions of Statement 68 and are effective for the Village's fiscal year ended April 30, 2016. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this statement will have on its financial statements.

In February 2015, the GASB issued Statement 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The objective of this Statement is to address accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements and provide guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. This Statement is effective for the Village's fiscal year ended April 30, 2017. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this statement will have on its financial statements.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. This Statement establishes requirements for those pensions and pension plans that are not administered through a trust not covered by Statements 67 and 68. This Statement is effective for the Village's fiscal year ended April 30, 2017. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this statement will have on its financial statements.

NOTE 12 – NEW GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*. Statement 74 addresses the financial reports of defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet specified criteria. The Statement follows the framework for financial reporting of defined benefit OPEB plans in Statement 45 by requiring a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The Statement requires more extensive note disclosures and RSI related to the measurement of the OPEB liabilities for which assets have been accumulated, including information about the annual money-weighted rates of return on plan investments. Statement 74 also sets forth note disclosure requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for the Village's fiscal year ended April 30, 2018. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this statement will have on its financial statements.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement 45 and requires governments to report a liability on the face of the financial statements for the OPEB that they provide. Statement 75 requires governments in all types of OPEB plans to present more extensive note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI) about their OPEB liabilities. Among the new note disclosures is a description of the effect on the reported OPEB liability of using a discount rate and a healthcare cost trend rate that are one percentage point higher and one percentage point lower than assumed by the government. The new RSI includes a schedule showing the causes of increases and decreases in the OPEB liability and a schedule comparing a government's actual OPEB contributions to its contribution requirements. This Statement is effective for the Village's fiscal year ended April 30, 2019. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this statement will have on its financial statements.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. This Statement is intended to improve financial reporting for governments by establishing a framework for the evaluation of accounting guidance that will result in governments applying that guidance with less variation. That will improve the usefulness of financial statement information for making decisions and assessing accountability and enhance the comparability of financial statement information among governments. The Statement also is intended to improve implementation guidance by elevating its authoritative status to a level that requires it be exposed for a period of broad public comment prior to issuance, as is done for other GASB pronouncements. This Statement is effective for the Village's fiscal year ended April 30, 2017. This will have no impact on the presentation of the financial statements.

In August 2015, the GASB issued Statement 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. This Statement is intended to improve financial reporting by requiring disclosure of tax abatement information about a reporting government's own tax abatement agreements and those that are entered into by other governments and that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. This Statement is effective for the Village's fiscal year ended April 30, 2017. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this statement will have on its financial statements.

NOTE 12 – NEW GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans*. The objective of this Statement is to address a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68. This issue is associated with pensions provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and to state or local government employers whose employees are provided with such pensions. This Statement amends the scope and applicability of Statement 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employees through a cost –sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that is not a state or local governmental pension plan, is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and has no predominant state or local governmental employer(either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pension through the pension plan). This Statement establishes requirements for recognition and measurement of pension expense, expenditures, and liabilities; note disclosures; and required supplementary information for pensions that have the characteristics described above. This Statement is effective for the Village's fiscal year ended April 30, 2017. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this statement will have on its financial statements.

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. An external investment pool qualifies for that reporting if it meets all of the applicable criteria established in this Statement. The specific criteria address (1) how the external investment pool transacts with participants; (2) requirements for portfolio maturity, quality, diversification, and liquidity; and (3) calculation and requirements of a shadow price. Significant noncompliance prevents the external investment pool from measuring all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. This Statement is effective for the Village's fiscal year ended April 30, 2017. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this statement will have on its financial statements.

GENERAL FUND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Original and Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance from Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues	\$ 2,466,045	\$ 2,297,793	¢ (460.050)		
Property taxes Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 2,466,045 1,715,000	\$ 2,297,793 1,647,524	\$ (168,252) (67,476)		
Other taxes	1,140,000	1,211,901	71,901		
Intergovernmental revenues	266,300	330,655	64,355		
Fines and fees	741,800	685,935	(55,865)		
Special events	27,000	20,928	(6,072)		
Miscellaneous	254,175	168,462	(85,713)		
Grant revenue	47,500	-	(47,500)		
Investment income	300	223	(77)		
Total revenues	6,658,120	6,363,421	(294,699)		
Expenditures					
Executive & legislative	68,200	68,200	-		
Administration	273,950	245,698	28,252		
Professional services	257,600	165,572	92,028		
Police department	2,432,250	2,308,176	124,074		
Fire department	1,345,000	1,231,568	113,432		
Public works	351,120	277,038	74,082		
Public building & grounds	205,000	192,106	12,894		
Miscellaneous	25,000	13,506	11,494		
Sanitation department	636,000	606,847	29,153		
Insurance	216,000	186,093	29,907		
Auditing	20,000	20,000	-		
Municipal retirement	328,000	305,349	22,651		
Contributions to pension fund	612,000	570,934	41,066		
Parks & recreation	103,000	60,032	42,968		
Total expenditures	6,873,120	6,251,119	622,001		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(215,000)	112,302	327,302		
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in (out)	(85,000)	(10,000)	(75,000)		
Transiers in (odt)	(00,000)	(10,000)	(13,000)		
Net changes in fund balance	\$ (300,000)	102,302	\$ 252,302		
Fund Balance at beginning of year		1,864,362			
Fund Balance at end of year		\$ 1,966,664			

MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2015

Dovenues	ginal and al Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance from Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues Motor fuel tax allotments Grants Investment income	\$ 160,000 60,000 80	\$ 166,305 59,297 54	\$	6,305 (703) (26)	
Total revenues	 220,080	 225,656		5,576	
Expenditures Maintenance - salt Maintenance - engineering Engineering Construction Total expenditures	 75,000 1,000 30,000 260,000 366,000	 78,588 - 7,254 129,427 215,269		(3,588) 1,000 22,746 130,573 150,731	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (145,920)	10,387	\$	156,307	
Fund balance at beginning of year		 339,726			
Fund balance at end of year		\$ 350,113			

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS April 30, 2015

IMRF												
								UAAL				
			Actuarial					Percentage				
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued Unfund		nfunded			of Annual					
Valuation	Value of	Lia	Liability (AAL)		Liability (AAL) AAL		Funded	Covered	Covered			
Date	Assets	-	- Entry Age		 Entry Age 		- Entry Age (L		(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
	(a)		(b)		(b-a)	(a/b)	 (c)	((b-a)/c)				
12/31/2014	\$ 3,557,543	\$	4,129,385	\$	571,842	86.2%	\$ 1,463,806	39.07%				
12/31/2013	3,090,668		3,578,486		487,818	86.4%	1,379,548	35.36%				
12/31/2012	2,609,499		3,266,625		657,126	79.9%	1,263,298	52.02%				

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2012 is \$2,701,942. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 83%.

Police Pension Fund

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL Percentage of Annual Covered Payroll (b-a)/(c)
04/30/2014	\$ 5,138,498	\$ 14,321,271	\$ 9,182,773	35.9%	\$ 1,170,196	784.7%
04/30/2013	5,101,898	13,772,317	8,670,419	37.0%	1,062,489	816.0%
04/30/2012	4,894,030	13,026,374	8,132,344	37.6%	1,069,149	760.6%
ОРЕВ		Actuarial				UAAL Percentage
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			of Annual
Valuation	Value of	Liability (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Date	Α	- Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
	(a)	(b)	`(b-a) [′]	(a/b)	(c)	(b-a)/(c)
04/30/2013	\$ -	\$ 2,977,055	\$ 2,977,055	0.0%	\$ 2,522,158	118.0%
04/30/2011	-	2,681,422	2,681,422	0.0%	2,342,810	114.5%

Information presented for the years it is available for the OPEB plan.

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Year Ended April 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - LEGAL COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets:

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the following funds:

General Fund
 Motor Fuel Tax Fund
 Emergency Telephone System Fund
 Debt Service Fund
 Capital Projects Fund
 Family Day Fund

- Police Seizure and Forfeiture Fund - Police Revenue Sharing Fund

- Water Fund

All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and department. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) is the fund level.

The budget may be amended during the year by the Village's Board of Trustees. During the year, no supplementary appropriations were necessary.

The following funds had expenditures over appropriations:

Debt Service Fund \$847,841

Supplementary Information - Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

COMBINING NONMAJOR FUNDS BALANCE SHEET April 30, 2015

	Т	mergency elephone stem Fund	Se	Police izure and eiture Fund		Family <u>Day Fund</u>	Po	olice Revenue Sharing <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
Assets	_		_						_	
Cash	\$	12,399	\$	19,611	\$	13,145	\$	2,580	\$	47,735
Other receivable		14,549	<u></u>	-	Φ.	- 40.445	Φ.		Φ.	14,549
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	26,948	\$	19,611	\$	13,145	\$	2,580	\$	62,284
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources										
and fund balance										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	10,203	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	10,203
Interfund payable	<u> </u>	54,000								54,000
Total Liabilities		64,203								64,203
Deferred inflows of resources										
Unavailable revenue	- <u></u>	6,222								6,222
Total deferred inflows of resources		6,222	-			<u>-</u>				6,222
Fund balance										
Restricted for police activities		-		19,611		-		2,580		22,191
Restricted for recreation		-		-		13,145		-		13,145
Unassigned		(43,477)				<u> </u>				(43,477)
Total fund balance		(43,477)		19,611		13,145		2,580		(8,141)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources										
and fund balance	\$	26,948	<u>\$</u>	19,611	\$	13,145	\$	2,580	\$	62,284

COMBINING NONMAJOR FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Emergency Telephone <u>System Fund</u>	Police Seizure and <u>Forfeiture Fund</u>	Family <u>Day Fund</u>	Police Revenue Sharing <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues	A 00.055	•	Φ.	•	Φ 00.055
911 surcharge Other revenue	\$ 68,855	\$ - 15,245	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 68,855 15,245
Program revenue	- -	15,245	16,325	- -	16,325
Total revenues	68,855	15,245	16,325		100,425
Expenditures					
Program expenditures	36,761	4,175	14,980	5,995	61,911
Total expenditures	36,761	4,175	14,980	5,995	61,911
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	32,094	11,070	1,345	(5,995)	38,514
` , , .					
Other financing sources (uses)			40.000		40.000
Transfers in (out)	_		10,000	-	10,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	10,000		10,000
Net changes in fund balances	32,094	11,070	11,345	(5,995)	48,514
Fund balances at beginning of year	(75,571)	8,541	1,800	8,575	(56,655)
Fund balances at end of year	\$ (43,477)	\$ 19,611	\$ 13,145	\$ 2,580	\$ (8,141)

GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEET April 30, 2015

Assets	
Cash Investments Property taxes receivable Other governmental receivables Other receivables IRMA deposits	\$ 1,166,384 588,260 1,216,355 491,637 157,315 90,542
Total assets	\$ 3,710,493
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance Liabilities	
Accounts payable Accrued payroll	\$ 67,156 240,169
Total liabilities	 307,325
Deferred inflows of resources	
Property tax Unavailable revenue	 1,205,009 231,495
Total deferred inflows of resources	 1,436,504
Fund balance	
Unassigned Nonspendable for IRMA	 1,876,122 90,542
Total fund balance	 1,966,664
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 3,710,493

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Year Ended April 30, 2015

Revenues		
Property taxes	\$	2,297,793
Intergovernmental revenues		1,647,524
Other taxes		1,211,901
Licenses and permits		330,655
Fines & fees		685,935
Special events		20,928
Miscellaneous		168,462
Investment income		223
Total revenues		6,363,421
Expenditures		
Executive & legislative		68,200
Administration		245,698
Professional services		165,572
Police department		2,308,176
Fire department		1,231,568
Public works		277,038
Public building & grounds		192,106
Miscellaneous		13,506
Sanitation department		606,847
Insurance		186,093
Auditing		20,000
Municipal retirement		305,349
Contributions to pension fund		570,934
Parks & recreation		60,032
Total expenditures	-	6,251,119
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		112,302
Other financing sources (uses)		
Transfers in (out)		(10,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(10,000)
Net change in fund balance		102,302
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,864,362
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,966,664

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance from Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Property taxes			
Property tax revenue	\$ 2,458,045		\$ (167,028)
Road and bridge tax	8,000	6,776	(1,224)
Total property taxes	2,466,045	2,297,793	(168,252)
Intergovernmental revenues			
Personal property replacement tax	140,000	140,697	697
State income tax	800,000	801,692	1,692
State sales tax	775,000	705,135	(69,865)
Total intergovernmental revenues	1,715,000	1,647,524	(67,476)
Other taxes			
Race track - admission	7,000	-	(7,000)
Race track - parking tax	7,000	2,322	(4,678)
Utility tax - electricity	325,000	309,839	(15,161)
Utility tax - gas	415,000	497,660	82,660
Utility tax - telephone	205,000	195,136	(9,864)
Franchise tax	63,000	66,135	3,135
Real estate transfer tax	70,000	87,457	17,457
Video gaming tax	48,000	53,352	5,352
Total other taxes	1,140,000	1,211,901	71,901
Licenses and permits			
Licenses - business	87,000	104,156	17,156
Licenses - liquor	12,000	11,650	(350)
Licenses - cigarette	300	300	-
Licenses - tank	19,000	18,675	(325)
Licenses - truck	15,500	16,733	1,233
Licenses - animal	3,200	3,227	27
Licenses - amusement/machines	24,000	23,750	(250)
Permits - building	45,000	89,270	44,270
Licenses - auto	60,000	62,554	2,554
License - motorcycle	300	340	40
Total licenses and permits	266,300	330,655	64,355
Fines and fees			
Garbage disposal fees	300,000	262,803	(37,197)
Police fines	280,000	261,828	(18,172)
Real estate exempt fees	1,800	1,925	125
Ambulance fees	150,000	146,470	(3,530)
Entertainment fees	6,000	2,500	(3,500)
Real estate inspection fees	4,000	10,409	6,409
Total fines and fees	741,800	685,935	(55,865)
Special events			
Special events	12,000	7,982	(4,018)
Parks and recreation	15,000	12,946	(2,054)
Total special events	27,000	20,928	(6,072)
. 5.3. 6,66.3. 6.61.0		20,020	(0,012)

53.

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2015

Miscellaneous		<u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance from Budget Positive (Negative)
Miscellaneous	\$	90,175	\$	11,934	\$	(78,241)
Rental of tower	·	123,000	•	121,736	•	(1,264)
Reimbursement sidewalk program		6,000		5,292		(708)
Miscellaneous - police department		20,000		15,515		(4,485)
Miscellaneous - fire department		15,000		13,985		(1,015)
Total miscellaneous		254,175		168,462		(85,713)
Grant revenue		47,500		<u>-</u>		(47,500)
Investment income		300		223		(77)
Total revenues	\$	6,658,120	\$	6,363,421	\$	(294,699)

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2015

Expenditures	<u>!</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>.</u>	<u>Actual</u>	fron P	ariance n Budget ositive egative)
Executive & legislative						
Salary - village president	\$	21,500	\$	21,500	\$	_
Salary - trustees	Ψ	43,200	*	43,200	*	_
Salary - liquor commissioner		3,500		3,500		_
Total executive & legislative		68,200		68,200		_
Ğ		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 				
Administration						
Salary - village clerk		17,000		17,000		-
Salary - treasurer/collector		45,000		45,000		-
Salary - office clerks		58,000		60,779		(2,779)
Salary - building inspector		30,750		29,055		1,695
Compensation electrical inspector		7,200		10,320		(3,120)
Compensation police and fire						
board of commissioners		6,000		6,000		-
Police and fire board of						
commissioners expenses		6,000		884		5,116
Postage, stationary, and supplies		11,000		10,720		280
Purchase of license supplies		7,000		6,769		231
Membership and expenses IL						
Municipal League		2,000		853		1,147
Printing and publishing		9,500		2,564		6,936
Cost of preparing and publishing		,		,		,
financial statements		1,800		1,590		210
Employee Insurance		10,500		10,280		220
Computer maintenance and service		22,000		8,970		13,030
Zoning board of appeals		2,000		-		2,000
Revision and recodification of ordinances		5,000		2,434		2,566
Plumbing inspection service		3,200		3,200		_,000
WCMC membership and expenses		12,000		11,280		720
Expenses of IMRA safety committee		18,000		18,000		720
Total administration		273,950		245,698		28,252
		- ,		- ,		
Professional services						
Retainer for village attorney		6,000		6,000		
Legal services		200,000		120,054		79,946
Village prosecutor		21,600		17,100		4,500
Other professional fees		6,000		1,628		4,372
Lobbyist		18,000		16,000		2,000
Engineering services		6,000		4,790		1,210
Total professional services		257,600		165,572		92,028
Police department						
Salary - police chief		103,600		102,821		779
Salary - deputy police		88,700		88,294		115
Salary - deputy police Salary - police sergeants		272,000		268,554		3,446
Salary - police sergeants Salary - patrolmen		810,000		774,042		35,958
Salary - patrolinen Salary - special police		160,000		128,624		31,376
Salary - special police Salary - radio clerks		257,000		255,128		1,872
Salary ordinance officer		32,000		31,830		1,072

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GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2015

Maintenance motor equipment Maintenance communications equipment equipment supplies \$ 36,000 \$ 30,564 \$ 5,436 Motor fuel Education and training Employee insurance of gun range 25,000 32,413 (7,413 Motor fuel Education and training Maintenance of gun range 25,000 11,451 13,549 Employee insurance Maintenance of gun range 335,000 333,937 1,063 Adicalization and training Supplies Maintenance of gun range 3,000 3,255 (255 Clothing allowance 17,650 16,850 800	_
Budget Actual Positive (Negative) Maintenance motor equipment \$ 36,000 \$ 30,564 \$ 5,436 Maintenance communications equipment 25,000 32,413 (7,413) Office supplies 6,500 4,200 2,300 Equipment/supplies 25,000 11,451 13,549 Motor fuel 70,000 53,539 16,467 Education and training 20,000 11,759 8,247 Employee insurance 335,000 333,937 1,063 Maintenance of gun range 3,000 3,255 (258) Clothing allowance 17,650 16,850 800	
Budget Actual Positive (Negative) Maintenance motor equipment \$ 36,000 \$ 30,564 \$ 5,436 Maintenance communications equipment 25,000 32,413 (7,413) Office supplies 6,500 4,200 2,300 Equipment/supplies 25,000 11,451 13,549 Motor fuel 70,000 53,539 16,467 Education and training 20,000 11,759 8,247 Employee insurance 335,000 333,937 1,063 Maintenance of gun range 3,000 3,255 (258) Clothing allowance 17,650 16,850 800	
Maintenance motor equipment \$ 36,000 \$ 30,564 \$ 5,436 Maintenance communications 25,000 32,413 (7,413 Office supplies 6,500 4,200 2,300 Equipment/supplies 25,000 11,451 13,548 Motor fuel 70,000 53,539 16,466 Education and training 20,000 11,759 8,246 Employee insurance 335,000 333,937 1,063 Maintenance of gun range 3,000 3,255 (258 Clothing allowance 17,650 16,850 800	
Maintenance communications 25,000 32,413 (7,413) Office supplies 6,500 4,200 2,300 Equipment/supplies 25,000 11,451 13,548 Motor fuel 70,000 53,539 16,466 Education and training 20,000 11,759 8,246 Employee insurance 335,000 333,937 1,063 Maintenance of gun range 3,000 3,255 (258) Clothing allowance 17,650 16,850 800	
equipment 25,000 32,413 (7,413 Office supplies 6,500 4,200 2,300 Equipment/supplies 25,000 11,451 13,549 Motor fuel 70,000 53,539 16,460 Education and training 20,000 11,759 8,240 Employee insurance 335,000 333,937 1,060 Maintenance of gun range 3,000 3,255 (255) Clothing allowance 17,650 16,850 800	6
Office supplies 6,500 4,200 2,300 Equipment/supplies 25,000 11,451 13,549 Motor fuel 70,000 53,539 16,467 Education and training 20,000 11,759 8,247 Employee insurance 335,000 333,937 1,063 Maintenance of gun range 3,000 3,255 (255 Clothing allowance 17,650 16,850 800	
Equipment/supplies 25,000 11,451 13,545 Motor fuel 70,000 53,539 16,467 Education and training 20,000 11,759 8,247 Employee insurance 335,000 333,937 1,060 Maintenance of gun range 3,000 3,255 (255 Clothing allowance 17,650 16,850 800	3)
Motor fuel 70,000 53,539 16,467 Education and training 20,000 11,759 8,247 Employee insurance 335,000 333,937 1,067 Maintenance of gun range 3,000 3,255 (258 Clothing allowance 17,650 16,850 800	0
Education and training 20,000 11,759 8,24 Employee insurance 335,000 333,937 1,063 Maintenance of gun range 3,000 3,255 (258 Clothing allowance 17,650 16,850 800	9
Employee insurance 335,000 333,937 1,063 Maintenance of gun range 3,000 3,255 (255 Clothing allowance 17,650 16,850 800	1
Maintenance of gun range 3,000 3,255 (259) Clothing allowance 17,650 16,850 800	1
Clothing allowance 17,650 16,850 800	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,
A -liliti	
Adjudication 54,400 51,330 3,070	
Maintenance and services 18,000 11,818 6,182	
Animal control contractual service 1,000 25 975	5
Adjudication hearing officer 8,400 8,400	-
Police officers holiday pay 85,000 83,668 1,332	
Salary - police corporal 2,200 3,574 (1,374)	,
Salary - leads supervisor	<u>)</u>)
Total police department 2,432,250 2,308,176 123,668	<u>8</u>
Fire department	
Salary - fire chief 68,500 68,500	_
Salary - firemen 955,000 918,824 36,176	6
Salary - Fire inspector 36,000 27,668 8,332	
MABAS Division XI dues 10,000 10,000	_
Stationary, printing and office supplies 5,000 2,007 2,993	3
Motor fuel 20,000 16,240 3,760	
Maintenance motor equipment 30,000 37,404 (7,404)	
Maintenance communications equipment 12,000 12,280 (280)	
Operating supplies 24,000 21,615 2,385	
Education and training cost 12,000 9,378 2,622	
Purchase of fire fighting clothing 28,000 28,809 (809)	
Purchase of operating equipment 24,000 10,906 13,094	,
Emergency vehicle priority system 1,000 - 1,000	
Medical examinations 12,000 10,787 1,213	
Computer maintenance and services 15,000 13,869 1,13°	
Ambulance billing service 12,000 12,120 (120	
Breathing apparatus 8,000 7,916 84	,
Fire equipment grants 50,000 999 49,00°	
Employee insurance 22,500 22,246 254	
Total fire department 1,345,000 1,231,568 113,432	
	_
Public works	
Salary - village supervisor 45,000 45,000	-
Office supplies 1,000 915 85	
Material repairing streets 10,000 4,566 5,434	
Material repairing alleys 5,000 968 4,032	
Repairing public walks 10,000 - 10,000	
Repairing public walks 50/50 17,000 14,596 2,404	
Trimming and removal of trees 80,000 71,454 8,546	
Maintenance motor equipment 28,000 21,594 6,406	ô
Sweeper lease agreement \$ 37,120 \$ 37,120 \$	-

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2015

			Variance
			from Budget
			Positive
	<u>Budget</u>	Actual	(Negative)
Computer maintenance	3,000	2,801	199
Traffic regulations and street signals	10,000	4,343	5,657
Material street snow removal	5,000	2,730	2,270
Maintenance supplies	5,000	2,800	2,200
Maintenance equipment	10,000	5,440	4,560
Energy maintenance, alley repair	13,333	0,	.,000
and street lights	85,000	62,711	22,289
Total public works	351,120	277,038	74,082
Public building & grounds			
Salary - buildings and grounds	24,000	23,923	77
Heat/electric - village hall	10,000	6,612	3,388
Telephone services	66,000	67,696	(1,696)
Maintenance and repair of building	75,000	67,994	7,006
Supplies	8,000	6,498	1,502
Security and fire system	22,000	19,383	2,617
Total public building & grounds	205,000	192,106	12,894
A.C. 11	05.000	40.500	44.404
Miscellaneous	25,000	13,506	11,494
Sanitation department			
Salaries - public works	385,000	366,867	18,133
Maintenance and repair of			
motorized equipment	65,000	69,451	(4,451)
Motor fuel	36,000	29,664	6,336
Materials and supplies	3,500	1,854	1,646
Disposal services	, -	1,041	(1,041)
Uniforms	13,000	10,767	2,233
Employee insurance	113,000	110,868	2,132
Medical examinations	2,500	240	2,260
Containers and recycling bins	18,000	16,095	1,905
Total Sanitation Department	636,000	606,847	29,153
Insurance	216,000	186,093	29,907
Auditing	20,000	20,000	
Municipal retirement			
Municipal retirement	115,000	100 F22	E 460
Municipal retirement	·	109,532	5,468
FICA and Medicare tax	178,000	170,491	7,509
Unemployment tax	35,000	25,326	9,674
Total municipal retirement	328,000	305,349	22,651
Contributions to pension fund	612,000	570,934	41,066
Parks & recreation			
	15,000	8,575	6,425
Salaries-parks & recreation	,		
Salaries-parks & recreation Stickney Recreation Maintenance & supplies	25,000 \$ 25,000	18,551 \$ 17,050	6,449 \$ 7,950

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GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2015

Activities Equipment Stickney baseball association Stickney golden agers Stickney senior citizens Stickney youth football Total parks & recreation	Budget 20,000 10,000 2,500 1,500 1,500 2,500 103,000	Actual 7,856 - 2,500 1,500 1,500 2,500 60,032	Variance from Budget Positive (Negative) 12,144 10,000 42,968
Tranfers			
Transfer to family day fund Transfer to capital projects fund Total transfers	10,000 75,000 85,000	10,000	75,000 75,000
Total expenditures and transfers	\$ 6,958,120	\$ 6,261,119	\$ 696,595

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET April 30, 2015

		Motor Fuel <u>Tax Fund</u>		Emergency Telephone System Fund		Police Seizure and Forfeiture <u>Fund</u>		Family <u>Day Fund</u>		Police Revenue Sharing <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
Assets Cash	\$	5,363	\$	12,399	\$	19,611	\$	13,145	\$	2,580	\$	53,098
Investments	Y	329,419	*	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	*	_,=====================================	•	329,419
Other governmental receivables		15,783		-		-		-		-		15,783
Other receivable		<u>-</u>		14,549		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_			14,549
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	350,565	\$	26,948	\$	19,611	<u>\$</u>	13,145	\$	2,580	\$	412,849
Liabilities, deferred inflows of												
resources and fund balance												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	452	\$	10,203	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,655
Interfund payable		<u>-</u>		54,000		<u> </u>						54,000
Total liabilities		452		64,203	_							64,655
Deferred inflows of resources												
Unavailable revenue		<u>-</u>		6,222		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>				6,222
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		6,222				-				6,222
Fund balance												
Restricted for streets		350,113		-		-		-		-		350,113
Restricted for police activities		-		-		19,611		-		2,580		22,191
Restricted for recreation Unassigned		-		- (43,477)		-		13,145		-		13,145 (43,477)
Total fund balance		350,113		(43,477)		19,611		13,145		2,580		341,972
Total fully palatice	·	330,113	_	(43,477)		19,011		13,143		2,380		341,372
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	<u>\$</u>	350,565	\$	26,948	\$	19,611	\$	13,145	\$	2,580	\$	412,849

resources and fund balance

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Motor Fuel <u>Tax Fund</u>	Emergency Telephone System Fund	Police Seizure and <u>Forfeiture Fund</u>	Family <u>Day Fund</u>	Police Revenue Sharing <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues	Φ.	Φ 00.055	Φ.	Φ.	Φ.	Φ 00.055
911 surcharge	\$ -	\$ 68,855		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 68,855
Other revenue Motor fuel tax allotments	166 205	-	15,245	-	-	15,245
Program revenue	166,305	-	-	16,325	-	166,305 16,325
Grant revenue	59,297	-	_	10,323	-	59,297
Investment income	54	-	_	_	_	54
Total revenues	225,656	68,855	15,245	16,325		326,081
Expenditures						
Program expenditures	215,269	36,761	4,175	14,980	5,995	277,180
Total expenditures	215,269	36,761	4,175	14,980	5,995	271,185
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	40.007	00.004	44.070	4.045	(5.005)	54.000
over (under) expenditures	10,387	32,094	11,070	1,345	(5,995)	54,896
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in (out)	-	-	-	10,000	-	10,000
Total other financing sources (uses)				10,000		10,000
Net changes in fund balances	10,387	32,094	11,070	11,345	(5,995)	64,896
Fund balances at beginning of year	339,726	(75,571)	8,541	1,800	8,575	283,071
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 350,113	\$ (43,477)	\$ 19,611	\$ 13,145	\$ 2,580	\$ 341,972

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND BALANCE SHEET April 30, 2015

Assets	
Cash Investments Other governmental receivable	\$ 5,363 329,419 15,783
Total assets	<u>\$ 350,565</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	<u>\$ 452</u>
Total liabilities	<u>452</u>
Fund balance	
Restricted for streets	350,113
Total fund balance	350,113
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 350,565

MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2015

		Original and Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>		Variance from Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Motor fuel tax allotments Grant revenue Investment income	\$	160,000 60,000 80	\$ 166,305 59,297 54	\$	6,305 (703) (26)
Total revenues		220,080	 225,656	_	5,576
Expenditures Maintenance - salt Maintenance - engineering Engineering Construction	_	75,000 1,000 30,000 260,000	 78,588 - 7,254 129,427		(3,588) 1,000 22,746 130,573
Total expenditures		366,000	 215,269		150,731
Net change in fund balance	\$	(145,920)	10,387	\$	156,307
Fund balance at beginning of year			 339,726		
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 350,113		

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND BALANCE SHEET April 30, 2015

Assets		
Cash Other receivable	\$	12,399 14,549
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	26,948
Liabilities		
Accounts payable Interfund payable	\$	10,203 54,000
Total liabilities		64,203
Deferred inflows of resources		
Unavailable revenue		6,222
Total deferred inflows of resources		6,222
Fund balance		
Unassigned		(43,477)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	26,948

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2015

Devenues	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance from Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues 911 surcharge	\$ 80,00	0 \$ 68,855	\$ (11,145)
Total revenues	80,00	0 68,855	(11,145)
Expenditures Maintenance of systems	44,00	36,761	7,239
Total expenditures	44,00	36,761	7,239
Net change in fund balance	\$ 36,00	<u>0</u> 32,094	\$ (3,906)
Fund balance at beginning of year		(75,571)	
Fund balance at end of year		\$ (43,477))

POLICE SEIZURE AND FORFEITURE FUND BALANCE SHEET April 30, 2015

Assets		
Cash	<u>\$</u>	19,611
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	19,611
Fund balance		
Restricted for police activities	<u>\$</u>	19,611
Total fund balance	\$	19,611

POLICE SEIZURE AND FORFEITURE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2015

Deverting		<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance from Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Director of Illinois state Seizures	\$	1,950 5,550	\$ 704 14,541	\$ (1,246) 8,991
Total revenues	_	7,500	15,245	7,745
Expenditures Returned seizures Equipment Supplies Investigation expenses	_	3,000 2,500 1,000 1,000	2,070 2,105	3,000 430 (1,105) 1,000
Total expenditures		7,500	4,175	3,325
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>		11,070	\$ 11,070
Fund balance at beginning of year			8,541	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 19,611	

FAMILY DAY FUND BALANCE SHEET April 30, 2015

Assets		
Cash	\$ 13,14	<u>5</u>
Total assets	<u>\$</u> 13,14	<u>-</u>
Fund balance		
Restricted for recreation	\$ 13,14	<u>5</u>
Total fund balance	\$ 13,14	5

FAMILY DAY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2015

	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance from Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Program revenues	\$ 15,000	\$ 16,325	\$ 1,325
	Ψ,σσσ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total revenues	15,000	16,325	1,325
- "			
Expenditures Program expenditures	25,000	14,980	10,020
r regram experianteree		11,000	10,020
Total expenditures	25,000	14,980	10,020
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(10,000)	1,345	(8,695)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	10,000	10,000	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	10,000	10,000	
, ,	<u> </u>	·	
Net change in fund balance	<u> </u>	11,345	<u>\$ (8,695)</u>
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,800	
J J ,			
Fund balance at end of year		\$ 13,145	

POLICE REVENUE SHARING FUND BALANCE SHEET April 30, 2015

	_
Assets	
Cash	\$ 2,580
Total assets	\$ 2,580
Fund balance	
Restricted for police activities	\$ 2,580
Total fund balance	\$ 2,580

POLICE REVENUE SHARING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2015

	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance from Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Program revenues	\$ 25,000	\$ -	\$ (25,000)
Total revenues	25,000		(25,000)
Expenditures Program expenditures	25,000	5,995	19,005
Total expenditures	25,000	5,995	19,005
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	(5,995)	<u>\$ (5,995)</u>
Fund balance at beginning of year		8,575	
Fund balance at end of year		\$ 2,580	

DEBT SERVICE FUND BALANCE SHEET Year Ended April 30, 2015

Assets		
Cash Property taxes receivable	\$	337,951 386,600
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	724,551
Deferred inflows of resources and fund balance		
Deferred inflows of resources		
Property tax	\$	384,805
Total deferred inflows of resources		384,805
Fund balance		
Restricted for debt service		339,746
Total fund balance		339,746
Total deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	<u>\$</u>	724,551

DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2015

	<u>Budget</u>			<u>Actual</u>		Variance from Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	ф 77 0.00	77	ው	740.074	ው	(00.700)
Property taxes Interest income	\$ 772,99	91	\$	749,271 28	\$	(23,726) 28
Total revenues	772,99	7		749,299		(23,698)
Total Teveriues		91		749,299		(23,096)
Expenditures						
Principal	435,00	00		1,220,000		(785,000)
Interest	337,99			360,238		(22,241)
Bond issuance costs		_		40,600		(40,600)
Total expenditures	772,99	97		1,620,838		(847,841)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures		_		(871,539)		(871,539)
osponana. od				(0.1,000)	_	(61.1,000)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Bond proceeds		-		833,392		833,392
Bond premium		_		39,437		39,437
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		872,829	_	872,829
Net change in fund balance	\$	_		1,290	\$	1,290
Fund balance at beginning of year				338,456		
Fund balance at end of year			\$	339,746		

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BALANCE SHEET April 30, 2015

Assets		
Cash Investments Other governmental receivables Interfund receivable	1:	5,938 30,158 20,247 54,000
Total assets	\$ 7	10,343
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance		
Liabilities Accounts payable Unearned grant revenue Total liabilities	;	16,800 33,200 50,000
Deferred inflows of resources		
Unavailable revenue	1:	20,247
Total deferred inflows of resources	1:	20,247
Fund balance		
Restricted for capital projects	5	40,096
Total fund balance	5	40,096
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 7	10,343

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2015

		<u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	fro	Variance om Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues	•		•	40.000	•	(000 000)
Grants	\$	323,700	\$	16,800	\$	(306,900)
Investment income		50		53		3
Total revenues		323,750		16,853		(306,897)
Expenditures						
Equipment and other						
capital expenditures		800,000		439,680		360,320
Total expenditures		800,000		439,680		360,320
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(476,250)		(422,827)		53,423
experiolitures		(470,230)		(422,021)		33,423
Other financing sources (uses)						
Bond proceeds		_		481,608		481,608
Bond premium		_		22,791		22,791
Proceeds from leasing transaction		250,000		-		(250,000)
Transfers in		75,000		<u>-</u>		(75,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		325,000		504,399		179,399
Net change in fund balance	\$	(151,250)		81,572	\$	232,822
Fund balance at beginning of year				458,524		
Fund balance at end of year			\$	540,096		

WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION April 30, 2015

Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,028,705
Accounts receivable, (net of allowances)	389,430
Total current assets	1,418,135
Noncurrent assets	
Capital assets not being depreciated	25,575
Capital assets being depreciated, net	1,736,046
Total noncurrent assets	1,761,621
Total assets	\$ 3,179,756
Liabilities and net position	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 170,074
Accrued payroll	23,735
Total current liabilities	193,809
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	1,761,621
Unrestricted	1,224,326
Total net position	2,985,947
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 3,179,756
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WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET (BUDGET BASIS) AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Budget	Actual	Variance from Budget Positive (Negative)
Operating revenues	<u> </u>	<u>riotaar</u>	<u>(110ganto)</u>
Charges for services			
Water - residential	\$ 1,032,000	\$ 892,448	\$ (139,552)
Water - commercial	344,000	293,734	(50,266)
Water - industrial	2,064,000	2,001,378	(62,622)
Miscellaneous	20,600	22,567	1,967
Recycling revenue	2,000	1,824	(176)
recycling revenue	2,000	1,024	(170)
Total operating revenues	3,462,600	3,211,951	(250,649)
Operating expenses			
Purchase of water	2,325,000	2,093,978	231,022
Electric power reservoir	38,000	37,857	143
Meters and connections	40,000	24,181	15,819
Materials and supplies	15,000	2,536	12,464
Contractual rep system	120,000	136,794	(16,794)
Salary - supervisor	36,000	35,928	72
Computer upgrade	12,000	30,320	12,000
Salary - water department	185,000	180,760	4,240
Salary - water department Salary - treasurer/collector	48,000	48,000	4,240
Salary - office clerk	100,000	101,450	(1,450)
Office supplies, postage	6,000	4,837	1,163
Telephone services	12,000	12,000	1,103
Maintenance - office equipment	5,000	1,656	3,344
Maintenance - pump station	50,000	46,759	3,241
Auditing services	12,000	12,000	3,241
Operating equipment	3,000	12,000	2,976
Motor fuel costs	4,200	3,149	1,051
Maintenance - motor equipment	5,000	2,966	2,034
Insurance	54,000	45,000	9,000
Heating fuel	3,000	2,307	693
Rental - sanitary district	200	2,307	093
Premium life, health, accident insurance	95,000	88,788	6,212
IL Municipal Retirement	50,500	49,613	887
Contingencies	10,000	49,013 351	9,649
Fire hydrants	40,000	7,700	32,300
Maintenance - computer	8,000	2,787	5,213
Lead treat/water sample	9,000		2,985
Radio service contract	3,000	6,015	3,000
Unemployment tax	3,500	2,132	1,368
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FICA/Medicare tax	35,500 45,000	34,631 6,073	869 38 927
Sewer cleaning	45,000		38,927
Water main repairs	300,000	19,185	280,815
Sewer repairs/maintenance	70,000	66,817	3,183
Depreciation	120,000	111,711	8,289
Total operating expenses	3,862,900	3,188,185	674,715

(Continued)

WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET (BUDGET BASIS) AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2015

Operating income (loss)	<u>Budget</u> \$ (400,300)	Actual \$ 23,766	Variance from Budget Positive (Negative) \$ 424,066
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Investment income	300	106	(194)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	300	106	(194)
Net income (loss)	\$ (400,000)	23,872	\$ 423,872
Net position at beginning of year		2,962,075	
Net position at end of year		\$ 2,985,947	

WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Water Fund
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers	\$ 3,234,344
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services	(2,100,142) (984,026)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	150,176
Cash flows from investing activities Interest and dividends on investments	106
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	106
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	150,282 878,423
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$ 1,028,705</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss)	\$ 23,766
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities	·
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities	111,711
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in payables	22,393 (6,164)
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll	(1,530)
Total adjustments Net cash provided by operating activities	126,410 \$ 150,176